

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1861.)

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August 9th, 1911. Temperature 10 a.m. 85, 4 p.m. 87; Humidity...70, 68.

August 9th, 1911. Temperature 10 a.m. 86, 4 p.m. 88; Humidity...74, 74.

No. 8540

號六十月六年三統宣

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10 1911.

四拜禮

號十月八年港香

\$30 PER ANNUM
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

CHEANG CHEW WRECKED.

FEARED TOTAL LOSS.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
Singapore, Aug. 9, 3.30 p.m.
The steamer Cheang Chew was wrecked in the Bali Straits.
It is feared that she is a total loss.

LORD CURZON'S CENSURE.

CARRIED.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
Lord Curzon's vote of censure against the Government was carried in the House of Lords by a majority of 214.

THE LORDS' AMENDMENTS. REJECTED.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
The Lords' amendments to the Veto Bill were rejected in the House of Commons by a majority of 144.

THE CHANNEL SWIM.

HEATON AGAIN FAILS.

London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
Heaton has again failed to swim across the Channel.
This makes his seventh attempt.

THE LONDON STRIKE.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
The strike is rapidly extending and there is now a shortage of meat.

KING ALFONSO.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
Alfonso, King of Spain, has arrived in London.

LORD ROBERT'S NEW APPOINTMENT.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
Field Marshal Earl Roberts has been appointed Colonel of the National Reserve.

HOME CRICKET.

[THE "TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT.]
London, August 10, 7.30 p.m.
Middlesex beat Sussex, Gloucestershire beat Somerset, Surrey beat Northants and North Hants beat Leicestershire.

AN INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION.

[INDEPENDENT NEWS "AGENCY"].
Tokyo, August 10.
The Japanese Government with a view to developing industry in Manchuria have established at Mukden an industrial association called the Kumu-Sokwai.

JAPANESE RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

[INDEPENDENT NEWS "AGENCY"].
Tokyo, August 10.
The subscriptions sent to the Relief Association for a benefit of poor invalids has reached the handsome sum of 13,000,000 yen, far surpassing the amount expected.

The Emperor some few months ago gave 1,000,000 yen for the relief of poor invalids and it is said that this magnificent gift has been the means of inducing the people to follow His Majesty's example.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

NEW AMERICAN STATES.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Durban, August 9, 7.20 a.m.
A message from Washington states that the Senate have admitted New Mexico and the Arizona States.

SIR MATTHEW NATHAN'S SUCCESSOR.

APPOINTMENT OF SIR A. KING.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
Durban, August 9, 7.20 a.m.
Sir Alexander King has been appointed Secretary of the Post Office in succession to Sir Matthew Nathan.

[Sir Alexander King, C.B., was appointed assistant secretary of the General Post Office in 1903, was promoted to joint second secretary in 1905, was made second secretary in 1907.]

OPIUM CONFERENCE.

INVITATIONS TO BE ISSUED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
London, August 9, 2.50 p.m.
A Washington cable says that all the interested Powers have accepted the proposals of an Opium Conference.
Invitations will shortly be issued for a conference at the Hague on October 15.

THE NIOBE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
London, August 9, 2.50 p.m.
The Canadian Cruiser Niobe which went ashore on the coast of Nova Scotia on the 2nd inst. has been towed into Halifax.

TRADE RETURNS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
London, August 9, 2.50 p.m.
British trade returns for the month of July show an increase in the imports of £1,000,048. This increase is composed mostly of food, tobacco and raw materials.
The exports show a decrease of £3,780,541, mostly in iron, steel, cotton and wool manufactures.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

HOME POLITICS.

LORDS PASS VOTE OF CENSURE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

London, August 9, 2.50 p.m.
The Lords have passed a vote of censure, similar to that proposed by Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons, by 282 votes to 68.

The Commons have rejected the Lords' amendment to the Veto Bill relating to Money Bills, but have passed the amendment requiring the Speaker to consult two members appointed each session from a panel of chairmen. The Lords' amendment, excluding Home Rules from the scope of the Bill, was rejected by 321 votes to 216.

Mr. Balfour said that this amendment alone was the cause of the Government's criminal advice to the Sovereign. He refused to participate further in the debate in view of the procedure being the most conspicuous signal of infamy in the whole constitutional history of the country.

The Government amendment providing the Speaker to consult with a committee evoked protests from the Radicals and Labourites, who declared that the Government was attempting thereby to save the face of Lord Lansdowne against the "diehards." The amendment above stated was substituted.

The clause preventing the extension of the duration of Parliament was adopted.

Two minor amendments were agreed to without discussion.
A committee was then appointed to draft reasons for disagreeing with certain of the Lords' amendments.

Mr. Balfour informed Mr. Churchill that when the Unionists were returned to power they would repeal the Bill but not without substituting reform therefor.

DIVISION IN THE LORDS.

London, August 9, 2.50 p.m.
It is expected that a division in the House of Lords will not be taken before Thursday.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

PRESS COMMENTS.

London, August 9, 5.30 p.m.

"The Times" has high authority for saying that Lord Crewe's reference to the King's reluctance was made by request. It is understood that Lord Crewe's new account of the events that took place in November was the result of the visits of Lord Knollys to him and Mr. Asquith yesterday.

"The Times" and "The Daily Telegraph" emphasise that passage in Lord Crewe's speech wherein he suggested the possibility of the "lamentable necessity" of an unlimited creation of Peers. Both papers appeal to the Peers to prevent such an eventuality.

CREATION OF PEERS.

Durban, August 10, 12.10 a.m.

Lord Lansdowne in a speech in the House of Lords emphatically concluded by saying that if the Bill was thrown out it meant beyond all question of doubt that a large number of Peers would be created.

LORD HALSBURY'S PROTEST.

Durban, August 10, 12.35 a.m.
Lord Halsbury in the House of Lords emphasised the fact that he would have moved the rejection of the Bill at the third reading. But he assumed that Lord Lansdowne would have stuck to his amendments.

Lord Halsbury protested against the imputations cast by Lord Lansdowne against the "diehards." Especially the suggestion that his friends were disloyal. Lord Lansdowne, interrupting, denied such suggestions.

THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK SUPPORTS THE BILL.

Durban, Aug. 10, 12.35 a.m.
The Archbishop of York said that he will support the Bill and insisted that the amendments were distasteful to the Sovereign and against the interests of the House.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

NO SURRENDER.

Durban, August 10, 1.10 a.m.

Lord Salisbury said that any credit or discredit must fall upon the Ministers and not the King (applause) and strongly urged no surrender.

Lord Sturday said that he saw no advantage in the policy of Halsburyites and he would never vote to place the King in the cruel position of having to create unlimited Peers.

Lord Willoughby de Broke said that no surrender is the only way to bring the question before the country to ensure the King being protected from such a situation in the future.

It is uncertain whether a division will be taken to-night or to-morrow.

HOUSE OF LORDS PACKED.

London, Aug. 10, 7.30 a.m.
The biggest muster that has gathered in the House of Lords since the rejection of the Home Rule Bill was present last night, when the question of the Veto Bill was again discussed.
The day had been hot—97 degrees in the shade—and the galleries were packed closely, the poorest who were present, being armed with fans.

The steps of the throne were crowded with many members from the House of Commons.
Lord Morley, who opened the debate, was backed by many more Liberal peers than has been the case for many years past.

He spoke briefly reiterating the objections to the peers' amendments.
Lord Lansdowne said that the House was no longer able to offer effectual resistance.
If the creation of peers were as odious to Lord Crewe as he had yesterday admitted, they might rest assured that it would be equally odious to the King.

That house could force him to do something hateful to himself, injurious to the House, and discreditable to the country, but ought they to force the hands of His Majesty merely from petulance and vindictiveness?

KING RECEIVES CHINESE MINISTER.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
London, Aug. 10, 7.30 a.m.
The King has received in audience Liang Tun Yen, the vice-president of the Chinese foreign office.

MUTINY ON SPANISH CRUISER.

RINGLEADERS EXECUTED.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
London, Aug. 10, 7.30 a.m.
The outbreak which occurred on the new Spanish Cruiser Numancia while off the Moroccan coast and which was greatly minimized now proves to be serious.
The mutiny has turned out to be a political one, the mutineers numbering some eighty sailors who were all all cheering the Republic.
The ringleaders have been executed.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

BOXING.

AUSTRALIAN CHAMPION SHIP.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]

Durban, August 10, 7 p.m.
A Brisbane cable says that Lang knocked Squires out in the fifth round for the heavy weight championship of Australia.

HOME CRICKET.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
Durban, August 10, 7 p.m.

North Hants beat Leicestershire by 3 wickets, Middlesex beat Sussex by 7 wickets, Hampshire beat Warwickshire, Yorkshire drew with Gloucestershire, the score standing at 227 runs, and Essex won with 7 wickets.

DOCKERS STRIKE.

GRAVE ASPECT.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
Durban, August 9, 6.55 p.m.
The dockers' strike is assuming an even graver aspect. The striking carters have been obstructing the vans in the streets and some violent scenes have been the result.

However in most cases the strikers were able to induce the vanmen to go back to the stables and the South of London and the West End is practically devoid of waggons.

The movement is spreading to the railway yards and there is scarcity of food owing to the non-delivery of large quantities of fruit, provisions and meat.
The fish porters have now struck, and the police force is quite inadequate to control the large crowds, who are holding up the traffic.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND OUT.

Durban, Aug. 10, 1.40 a.m.
The Dockers' Union have ordered a general strike in London.
This brings the total number of men out on strike up to 100,000.

COLLISION IN A FOG.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

[SERVICE TO THE "TELEGRAPH."]
Durban, Aug. 10, 1.40 a.m.
The British steamer Silverton reports that she collided with the French steamer "Emir" in a fog off Tarifa.
The "Emir" sank and 69 passengers and 21 of the crew were drowned.
Fifteen passengers and twelve of the crew were saved.
[Tarifa is a sea port on the Spanish coast, twenty-one miles from Gibraltar. It is the southernmost port in Europe.]

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

IMPERIAL HOUSEHOLD IMPEACHED.

FOR INACCURACY.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 7.
The Ministry of Finance has impeached the Imperial Household for the submission of inaccurate expense accounts.
The Empress Dowager has issued an edict censuring the officials employed in the Household.

HUSH MONEY.

OFFENDERS TO BE PUNISHED.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 7.
The Ministry of Finance has telegraphically instructed the authorities of the various provinces to investigate the amount of "hush money" expended and add the same to the Treasury. Officials accepting "hush money" when discovered, will be severely punished.

CHINA'S REFORM.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 8.
The new Cabinet are reforming provincial officialdom and propose the abolition of the viceroys in the provinces, excepting the Three Eastern provinces, Shanai, Szechuan and Yunnan, and to replace them by Governors.
The new Cabinet also proposes to remove all provincial judges and provincial examiners.

A COMPANY'S DISPUTE.

GOVERNOR'S SON INVOLVED.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 8.
The Cabinet Ministers have instructed the Viceroy of Hupoh to investigate the case in which an industrial company in Hunan and the son of the Governor of Hunan are involved.

CHINESE OFFICIALS.

TO BE EXAMINED.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 8.
The President of the Ministry of Finance intends to examine the officials in his ministry. Those who are successful, will be retained while the others will be removed.

GAMBLING LAWS.

TO BE ENFORCED.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, August 8.
The Throne has approved of the memorial presented by the new Cabinet regarding the enforcement of the laws for the suppression of gambling in Canton.

H.E. LIANG TUN YEN.

[("SHANGHAI" SERVICE).]
Peking, Aug. 8.
H.E. Liang Tun Yen, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has telegraphed to the Cabinet stating that he has nearly recovered from his illness, and will leave for Europe shortly and return to China by way of Siberia.

The Weather Forecast.



Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$10,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS 10,000,000
Surplus 10,000,000
Total 30,000,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS AT THE RATE OF 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.
The business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS AT THE RATE OF 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.
PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUNDS £1,200,000
Total £2,400,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS AT THE RATE OF 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
W. DICKSON, Manager.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
CAPITAL PAID-UP ... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... 15,850,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies:
TOKIO, HANKOW,
Kobe, TIENTSIN,
OSAKA, PEKIN,
NAGASAKI, NEWCHANG,
LONDON, DALNY,
LYONS, PORT ARTHUR,
NEW YORK, ANTUNG,
SAN FRANCISCO, LIAOYANG,
HONOLULU, MUKDEN,
BOMBAY, TIE-LING,
SHANGHAI, CHANG-CHUN.

HONGKONG:—INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS AT THE RATE OF 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.

On fixed deposit—
For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
TAKEO TAKAMICHI, Manager.

Hongkong, 13th March, 1911. [18]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
CAPITAL PAID UP...Gold \$3,250,000
RESERVE FUNDS...Gold \$3,250,000
Gold \$6,500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—60 Wall Street, New York.
LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
NATIONAL & COUNTRY BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 12 months 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
GEO. HOGG, Manager.

No. 9, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 10th May, 1911. [19]

Banks.

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....Sh. Tael 7,500,000
HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS—BERLIN.

BRANCHES:
Berlin, Calcutta, Hamburg, Hankow, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Tsingtau, Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons, The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Limited.

DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENTS.
DIREKTION DER DISKONTO GESellschaft.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS AT THE RATE OF 2 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE DAILY BALANCE.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
R. TIMMERSCHIEDT, Manager.

Hongkong, 10th Mar., 1911. [2]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
Authorized Capital, £1,000,000
Subscribed, 1,125,000
Paid Up, 562,500
Reserve Fund, 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hongkong, India, Java, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Singapore, Siam, Tientsin, Yokohama.

AGENTS IN JAPAN:
Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Bankers.

Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd., Exchange business transacted.

Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of Clients. Letters of Credit granted on Agents and Correspondents all over the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances and on Fixed Deposits as under:
For 3 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
P. C. MACDONALD, Acting Manager.

CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

J. A. Wattie, Esq., Managing Director.
A. J. Hughes, Esq., Secretary.
S. R. Smith, Esq., Actuary.

A strong British Corporation registered under Hongkong Ordinances and under Life Assurance Companies Act, England.

Insurance in Force £1,000,000
Income for Year £100,000
Insurance Fund £1,000,000

LETTERS KNOWN, Esq., District Manager.
B. W. TAYLOR, Esq., District Secretary.
Hongkong, Canton, Amoy and the Philippines.

Alexandra Building, Hongkong, 10th May, 1911.

WM. POWELL, LIMITED.
GENTS' OUTFITTERS.

New Ties
New Socks
New Shirts
New Pyjamas

EVERYTHING FOR GENTS' WEAR.
EXCLUSIVE GOODS.

WM. POWELL, LIMITED.
28, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 4th Aug., 1911. [1043]

MEE CHEUNG, ART PHOTOGRAPHER.
HONGKONG.
TELEPHONE NO. 1013.

DEVELOPING, PRINTING & ENLARGING.
Hongkong, 10th May, 1911. [1099]

Intimations.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER.

The experience of 35 years is BEHIND IT. The confidence of the business world is WITH IT. An over-widening field of usefulness is BEFORE IT.



SIEMSEN & CO.,
HONGKONG AND CANTON.

General Agents for the Remington Typewriter Co.

For Sight Seeing in an Up-to-date

MOTOR.

RING UP 1036.

THE EXILE MOTOR GARAGE.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1911.

[1058]

YOUR GLASSES

should give rest and comfort to your eyes. If they do and if the mountings are properly adjusted, they

ARE ALL RIGHT

Do not be satisfied unless they ARE. There is no comfort in spectacles that are merely "good enough." They are either RIGHT

OR ALL WRONG

If in need of changes, adjustments, or repairs, come and see us at our new location in York Buildings, between Kelly & Walsh and Montrose's.



33

"FELUCCA."
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.
MILD—AROMATIC—PURE.

MASPERO FRERES, LTD.,
CAIRO.



THE BERNESE ALPS MILK CO.
STALDEN (EMMENTHAL), SWITZERLAND.

"No. 10" SCOTCH WHISKY.
BOTTLED AT DUNDEE, SCOTLAND.

Agents: F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,
HONGKONG & CHINA.

0817

WEISMANN, LIMITED.

BAKERS
CONFECTIONERS
CATERERS
RESTAURANTEURS

14, Des Vaux Road Central.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1911.

[497]

Public Companies.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Hotel, SATURDAY, the 12th August, 1911, at 12.30 P.M., for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts of the Company to the 31st June, 1911, with the Report of the Directors, and to discuss any matter that may be brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 12th August, 1911, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MOONEY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, August, 7th 1911 [1298]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the Shareholders in the Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 12th day of August, 1911, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1911.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 7th August, to SATURDAY, the 12th August, 1911 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 2nd Aug., 1911. [1291]

Public Companies.

HONGKONG ICE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

IN Accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association the General Managers have this day declared an interim Dividend for the half year ended 30th June 1911, of Two Dollars per Share.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company on and after WEDNESDAY, 16th instant.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 10th instant to 14th instant, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 8th Aug., 1911. [1303]

HONGKONG ICE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that the price of ICE is reduced to One Cent per lb. from this date.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 7th August, 1911. [1297]

ORIENTAL BREWERY, LTD.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the price of ICE is REDUCED to One Cent per lb. from this date.

E. J. WATERMAN,
General Manager,
Hongkong, 8th August, 1911. [1302]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS dated London 14th July, 1911, may be had on application at the Office of the undersigned.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO. LD.
General Managers,
Hongkong, 9th Aug., 1911. [1307]

WAIT FOR THE NEW SHOW

COMING BY S.S. YAMHA.

OPENING NIGHT, August 16th.

at CAUSEWAY BAY.

[1236]

"THE BEER THAT'S BREWED TO SUIT THE CLIMATE"
PURITY AND QUALITY GUARANTEED.



O.

B.

Can be obtained everywhere in the FAR EAST.
ORIENTAL BREWERY, LTD., Hongkong.
BREWERS AND ICE MANUFACTURERS.

WANG HING, Jeweller.

THE LARGEST COLLECTION OF SILVER WARE IN THE COLONY.

10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

[409]

BREAD! PASTRY!! CONFECTIONERY!!!

HIGH GLASS QUALITY.

DELIVERIES EVERYWHERE.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE.

10, Des Vaux Road Central, next to Hongkong Hotel.
Tel. No. 909.

[1121]

CALDBECK'S

"LIQUEUR"

WHISKY.



CALDBECK MACGREGOR & CO.

15, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1911.

OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

What They Think.

China Mail.

The Veto Dispute.

The point, therefore, is whether the result of that election can be reasonably and fairly construed as a "deliberate decision" in approval of the terms of the measure under notice. Our view is that "no election of modern times has been more indecisive. There were many questions at issue and nobody can rightly say that the verdict of the colony was a deliberate pronouncement upon merely one of these, the Parliament Bill, which, indeed, many people regarded with utter indifference. We have even notice [14] ends claiming the election of December as a final judgment on the tariff reform question! It follows from the line we have taken, that our view is that Mr. Asquith wrongly read the verdict of the people at both the General Elections of last year, and that, therefore, he was not justified in once flying to what should be regarded as the last resort of Ministers of the Crown—reference upon the exercise of the King's prerogative. Reviewing the situation, it is apparent that the Parliament Bill must go through. Then will it be for the Unionists to enter upon that bigger fight outside to which Mr. Balfour recently referred, a fight which must have for its aim the overthrow of the present Government and eventually the repeal or substantial modification of the Bill which has given rise to such bitter controversy in the recent past.

Daily Press.

An Unusual Suggestion.

It is not often that we find a taxpayer in Hongkong advocating or suggesting an increase of taxation, but we publish to-day a letter from a taxpayer who, premising that additional revenue is urgently required to carry out many public works which, we agree, are absolutely indispensable for the welfare and development of the Colony, suggests the sources from which this income may be derived. Our correspondent says it cannot be doubted that additional revenue is urgently required. We must confess to harbouring doubts on this point. It was only in May last that H.E. the Governor, speaking in the Legislative Council said: "I think I may say that we can take comfort in the feeling that we are probably at the end of our financial difficulties, and that the revenue and prosperity of the Colony has been placed on a satisfactory footing, which will not demand of us any further sacrifices in the form of new taxation." His Excellency based this statement on a review of the complete financial returns of last year which showed under many important headings that the revenue had exceeded the estimates.

South China Morning Post.

Reuter's Omission.

We are unable to supply any answer to the question as to why Reuter omitted Mr. Balfour's speech and only offer the surmise that the Government may have exerted some influence to secure the fullest circulation of its explanation of how it came to advise the Crown to exercise its prerogative to ensure the passage of the much opposed Parliament Bill regardless of whether the opinions of the other side obtained publicity or not. If Reuter has lent itself to partisanship of this kind, then it can no longer pose as an efficient news agency, for one of the chief virtues of reliable news is its freedom from partiality to one side or another. Facts should be set forth without undue embellishment or elimination in an up-to-date news service. We believe that Reuter endeavours to act up to this principle, but on this occasion it has grievously disappointed us. Far better it would have been had Reuter given the public at this end of the world a sensible epitome of the debate. It would have been more intelligible to readers who up to this stage have had comparatively little opportunity of following up the subject and would have served the requirements of its clientele abroad to better purpose than the lengthy one-sided report which appeared in the newspapers of the colony yesterday.

OPIUM.

Crusade Against Opium in the East.

The Fatal Drug.

While the use of opium is said to be increasing in the British provinces of India, it is being repressed in China. The Chinese Government, however, has set a noble example to other governments which have encouraged or permitted the use of this fatal drug merely for the sake of the revenue which accrues from its sale. We find in "The Times of India" a dismal letter, written by Mr. D. E. Wacha, in which he gives figures showing how the pestiferous juice of the poppy is becoming more and more the bane of the people in Bombay Presidency. His words are:

"Temperance reformers have for long been so obsessed by the regrettable increase of drink among a sober people that, speaking broadly, they have to a great extent neglected the growing consumption of the other narcotic which is insidiously doing its mischief work. But it was time that well-informed criticism was also directed toward the growth of 'excise opium' in the Presidency. Unfortunately, details of this consumption have been very incomplete. Moreover, the terms of diverse excise tables have been subject to such

Constant Change—that the student of statistics has to be very cautious and feel his way while quarrying in the obscure mine.

"Be that as it may. To-day I take up the parable of opium consumption in the Presidency, as revealed by the annual reports. I will take the statistics for the last five years only, say from 1905-06 to 1909-10:

1905-06 Opium in pounds, 70,060
1906-07 " 74,554
1907-08 " 82,807
1908-09 " 87,818
1909-10 " 90,779

"From 70,060 pounds to 90,779 in five years is an increase of 20,719 pounds, or fully 29.49 per cent. And be it remembered, Sir, that in 1904-05, it was 71,593 pounds. Compare this quantity with the average of the preceding annum, namely, 80,924. Even when thus compared, the increase of consumption is 10,755 pounds, or 15 per cent. Is such a large increase, at the rate of three per cent. per annum, in a

Vile Narcotic like opium, which was the ruin of China for a hundred years, and to which awakened China is strenuously endeavouring to put a stop, to be viewed with equanimity? If country spirits are ruining the manhood of the Presidency with a vengeance; what are we to think of the greater ruin which opium-eating or opium-smoking is bringing about? While country spirits are doing their mischievous work in broad daylight, opium is doing its noxious work stealthily. The opium dens and the opium shops are hardly visible. That is the worst of it. Is there to be no check by means of public opinion on the Government policy of excise?"

The example set by China in repressing the opium traffic is held up by "The Continent" (Chicago) as an example to other governments.

"Few spectacles have appeared more sublime than this vile resolve of a vast nation to be rid of its besetting sin. America has a great share in this reformation."

"It is a just pride to Americans that in this

Great Crusade—China has had more aid from America than from any other nation. The United States helped first by suppressing entirely the opium traffic in the Philippines, which put American influence in the Orient on the right side of the question. Then it helped again when President Roosevelt summoned an international commission on opium to assemble in Shanghai in 1909.

"The credit for that significant and influential meeting rightly belongs to Colonel Roosevelt, for by his official invitation he gave it a diplomatic status. Yet it is but fair to say that the ultimate credit goes back to two earnest men behind the scenes—Bishop Brent of Manila and Dr. W. F. Crafts of Washington—who in 1906 urged on the President the original suggestion of

"And now again President Taft has responded to it similar prompting and called an international congress on the same subject to assemble at The Hague in July. Fourteen nations will be represented by their delegates."

"The object which Mr. Taft particularly commends to the attention of these commissioners is the 'suppression of the opium evil' throughout the world by

Mutual Agreement of all nations. The very proposing of that ideal has in it promise not only for the end of the opium curse, but also for the final suppression of other deleterious trades—particularly in liquor—by the same method.

"This Hague conference therefore, aiming at so vast and so new an application of international law, should assemble under the eyes of intelligent lovers of mankind in every quarter of the globe. It is far too important to be ignored by any live world-citizen."

"And certainly the Christians of America should offer profound prayer in their homes and in their churches that the conference shall result in the early overthrow of the opium vice in every land."

One of the great obstacles in the way of the opium reform has been the *laissez-faire* conservatism of the British Government which for alleged prudential reasons encourage the cultivation of opium. The

Puritan Conscience of the English middle classes, who are the main support of the Asquith Ministry, has, however, been enabled to influence the Government in checking to some extent the opium trade in the British dependencies, and we read:

"For a compromise, it was agreed by the Asquith Government that India would reduce one-eighth each year its exportations of opium to China, if China would likewise diminish one-eighth each year its internal production of the poppy. Ten years would thus extinguish both phases of the business."

"Now China on its part has done vastly better than this contract. In three years, so urgent are the anti-opium measures of the Government and so aroused is public feeling in China has cut down its own production three-fourths. Importation, in contrast, is diminished less than three-tenths."

"This has aroused immense dissatisfaction among the Chinese. Their new Parliament, by resolution, and great numbers of the people, by

Popular Petition—have called on Britain to abolish all imports from India forthwith. In that case China promises that it will root every poppy out of Chinese soil in a year.

"The British Government has yielded far enough to promise that it will keep opium out of any Chinese province which succeeds in suppressing native production. But it ought to do more. Many influential supporters at home are vigorously insisting that it must do more. And now there is a chance for Americans to contribute to this home pressure the great added weight of international opinion—to help make an international sentiment for a drastic suppression which shall be complete and immediate."

America has still much to do in this matter, and the editor of "The Continent" gives the following advice:

"American churches, missionary societies, men's clubs, and all forms of ecclesiastical governing bodies should hasten to adopt, by formal vote,

Resolutions and Petitions—indorsing President Taft in his great proposal that next month's Hague conference shall secure 'the suppression of the opium evil' at once and everywhere. Such petitions and resolutions, if forwarded quickly to President Taft, will greatly influence the forthcoming assembly.

Moreover, it is also open to church bodies, civic reform organizations, or individual citizens, if they couch their representations in respectful terms to urge similarly on the British Government, through Ambassador Bryce at Washington, the immediate surrender of the treaty right to introduce into China the curbing drug which the nation hates."

COMPANY REPORT.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK CO. LTD.

The following represents the balance sheet and revenue account of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd. The directors' report was published in our issue of yesterday.

Liabilities	
Capital 50,000 shares of \$5 each, fully paid up	2,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	200,000.00
Marine Insurance Account	85,214.39
Sundry creditors	3,911,983.16
Balance of profit, brought forward from last account	\$137,291.91
Profit for the half-year ending 30th June 1911	65,555.03
	203,886.97
	\$5,911,085.11

Assets	
Value of Kwongai, Corporation and Aberdeen Docks, building, and plant (including floating plant) as per last statement	\$1,502,673.58
Amount due paid on account of addition to plant	\$142,167.35
No. 1 Dock extension account	5,113,620.55
Amount paid as per last statement	258,980.71
Amount expended during six months—1st January to 30th June 1911	32,919.91
Sundry debtors	271,239.72
Amount expended on work in progress, as at 30th June 1911, less instalments received on a/c	136,011.81
Material in stock, at book value	868,060.07
	\$5,911,085.11

Revenue Account	
To interest	56,211.36
To rates and taxes	12,825.72
To Crown rent	4,074.05
To insurance	9,817.81
To directors' and auditors' fees	8,750.00
To profit	65,555.03
	128,290.00
By net earnings	158,296.00
	158,296.00

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To interest	56,211.36
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	158,296.00

LORD STRATHCONA'S RETIREMENT.

A great Canadian, yes, an Imperial figure, passes from public service with the retirement of Lord Strathcona. From a poor Scottish boy, earning his living as a servant of the Hudson Bay Co. on the remote Labrador coast, Donald A. Smith rose to membership in the Canadian Parliament to a commanding place in the financial world, and in his ripe but wonderfully useful old age he has been Canadian High Commissioner in London and a member of the British Peerage.

It would require a volume to enumerate the many spheres of activity and avenues of public service of this wonderful citizen of the Empire. In the quelling of the first Red rebellion alone he scored for the Government by the very confidence the Indians reposed in him. He was a pioneer builder of the western Empire, and one of the founders of the Canadian Pacific Railway. In 1896, just at the close of his brief career in politics, he was a delegate to try and settle the Manitoba school question, and soon thereafter became High Commissioner. Montreal knows him as her leading financier for years and President of the Bank of Montreal. In Britain he has a championed the cause of Canada with unflinching enthusiasm, and in the highest circles.

Lord Strathcona has ever been liberal with his wealth, and hundreds of deserving institutions can testify to his generosity. That old age would some time compel his retirement was of course inevitable, for he is now ninety-one, but Canadians will wish him still years of leisure in which to enjoy his honors and his friendships in the old world and in the new. "Toronto Globe."

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Model of Parliamentary Misrepresentation.

An extraordinarily simple and striking method of bringing home to the man in the street the astonishing inequalities of the existing distribution of parliamentary representation has been devised by Major Clive Morrison-Bell, M.P. for the Honiton Division of Devonshire, who gave an exhibition at Mr. Home given by the Marchioness of Salisbury in Arlington-street.

Major Morrison-Bell's idea was to prepare a model which would show at a glance the glaring contrasts between the numbers of electors in the parliamentary divisions, with Romford (52,984 electors) at one end and Kilkenny (1,742 electors) at the other.

After many experiments he hit on the plan of fastening an ordinary map for a given area on a board laid flat, boring a little round hole in each constituency, and fixing in this hole a coloured peg, about as thick as a pencil, and graded in length according to the number of electors.

The result is a map covered with a small forest of pegs, varying in height from much less than an inch (for Kilkenny) to about a foot for Romford).

So far Major Morrison-Bell has had two maps prepared, one nearly as large as a billiard table, representing the British Islands, and the other, which is smaller, representing Greater London. The maps are coloured, and the elector's sticks are painted a light blue, which enables the eye to pick out every stick without difficulty.

Ireland and North Scotland are a remarkable sight. In the former country only four constituencies touch or top the average, the greater number being far below. There is a striking contrast between these constituencies and the rural parts of England and the clumps of tall cylinders representing Greater London and the great industrial districts of the provinces.

The graphic representation of the absurdities of the "representative" system as it exists, produces a sense of the ludicrous which no other illustration of the point can equal.

Then it dawns on the observer that the existing system is nothing less than a monstrosity, and that the first object of Parliament ought to be to alter it without delay, so as to bring it into real relation with the distribution of population in the British Isles.

"In twenty-six years," says Major Morrison-Bell, "the Mother of Parliaments has outgrown her dress, and it is quite time she had a new one."

The Government are anxious to bring forward their Plural Voting Bill. This, however, is nothing compared to the scandal of the misrepresentation in Parliament, and brings home the necessity for immediate redistribution.

Prepaid Advertisements.

25 WORDS \$1 for 3 insertions or \$2 for one week.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE—"HOMEVILLE," Morrison Hill, splendid view of the harbour, 11 minutes from Post-Office by electric cars; entrance 158, Wanchai Road. Apply at the house. [128]

10 LET—From 1st September to 1st December, 1911, FIRST Floor, Mercantile Bank of India Ltd., BUILDINGS. Apply at the Bank. [136]

PRINCE FOR INDIA.

Moslem Leader's Plea for a Royal Viceroy.

A rare insight into the ideals of India—a picture drawn not by a peripatetic vagabond but by a spiritual Prince, a descendant of the Prophet, who really knows the mind of his countrymen—was provided when his Highness the Aga Khan delivered a lecture on "The Moslems of the British Empire," at the Crystal Palace, in connection with the Festival of Empire.

And the chief aspiration to which the Aga Khan referred was the desire of the Moslems of India that a Prince Regent, a member of Britain's royal house, should be set to reign over them, not for the fleeting five years of a Viceroy's office, but for all his life.

"You must all be aware," said his Highness, "that the King-Emperor rules over a great number of Moslems—more than any other Sovereign, whether in the East or the West, and that the entire population of your beloved British Isles is much less than half that of the Moslems, either directly owning the beneficent sway of King George or under his gracious protection."

He spoke with pride of the facts that Britain's sovereignty in India was to a large extent derived from the free gift of a Moslem Sovereign—that some of India's finest soldiers are Moslems, and that the lancers, on whom the mercantile marine so largely depends, are followers of the Prophet.

"Though," he continued, "some little progress has been made by the educated classes under the unifying influence of English speech, social unity is still a long way off in India. Yet it is by way of social unity that any real development of Indian nationality can best be promoted."

One obstacle to its development is the absence of a visible and unquestionable head of Indian and Anglo-Indian society.

"India is not, and cannot for generations be vested with any constitutional system such as exists in this country; but there is one element of British Constitutionalism which could be transplanted to India with the most signal advantage, namely, a head of society not directly responsible for the working of the administrative machinery yet higher in status and dignity than those who hold that responsibility."

"Such a position can only be taken by a member of the royal house, going out there as a young man, as the Indian civilians do, identifying himself with the nation of which he was Regent, and from time to time coming back to Europe for his holidays, thus keeping in touch with English sentiment and progress."

"There is a great and growing desire in India for the visible embodiment of that rule of the King-Emperor to which all classes of the community are intensely devoted. To no section of the population would the change be more welcome than to the Moslems, with their traditions of the Mogul Court."

Intimations



SHORTEST & QUICKEST ROUTE BETWEEN

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(Effective from May 1, 1911.)

THREE WEEKLY EXPRESS TRAIN SERVICE, composed of excellently equipped Sleeping, Dining and 1st Class Cars, is operated between Dairen and Changchun in connection with the Trans-Siberian Express Trains and with Dairen-Shanghai Direct Steamer Service by the S.S. "Kobe Maru" and "Sakiko Maru" (each 2,877 tons) as follows:—

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R 2.50	Harbin (Russian Train).....Lv. Changchun (Russian Train).....Lv. Mukden (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Dairen (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Shanghai (Steamer).....Lv.	9.30 a.m. 1.30 p.m. 2.00 " 8.30 " 9.30 a.m.	Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Sat.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.

SOUTH BOUND.

SOUTH BOUND.		1st Class Rates.		State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.	
Y11.50	Harbin (Russian Train).....Lv. Changchun (Russian Train).....Lv. Mukden (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Dairen (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Shanghai (Steamer).....Lv.	11.20 a.m. 8.30 a.m. 10.30 " 5.10 a.m. 5.25 " 1.30 p.m. Noon	Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Sat.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.
Y4.00	Shanghai (Steamer).....Lv. Dairen (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Mukden (S.M.R. Train).....Lv. Changchun (Russian Train).....Lv. Harbin (Russian Train).....Lv.	11.20 a.m. 8.30 a.m. 10.30 " 5.10 a.m. 5.25 " 1.30 p.m. Noon	Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Sat.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.	State Ex-press from St. Petersburg.

Russian Train Time is 23 minutes ahead of the S.M.R. Time. For instance, 6 p.m. by the former is 5.37 p.m. by the latter.

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Hongkong, 9th April 1911.

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EVERY Man and Woman in Hongkong should read the series of Articles appearing in the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" on the RIGHTS, DUTIES and LIABILITIES of SHAREHOLDERS. The facts are clearly stated. The Faults of the Hongkong system are pointed out. Two Articles have already appeared, but back numbers can be obtained on application. Further instalments will appear on Saturday until completion of the series. Don't Miss Them. They will interest you deeply, and are worth preserving.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH," 47, Des Voeux Road Central. Hongkong, 8 Aug. 1911. [1301]

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NOTICE.

We beg to inform our Customers and the Public generally that we have from this date adopted new labels for Gin imported and bottled by us.

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SIR ROBERT BURNETT & CO.'S
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Imported and bottled by A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

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Hongkong, 28th June, 1910.

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By Order

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1911.

JAPANESE TRADE TACTICS.

In Manchuria, it would appear from recent press articles, that the struggle between the Russian and Japanese merchants for the giant's share of the trade is resolving itself into a triumph for the Japanese nation. In spite of the fact that Russia has as good communications as Japan, the former country is getting behind its competitor. The matter is not one of interest peculiar to these two nations, for the method employed by the Japanese is a commercial challenge to any country who has dealings with the north of the Empire. Of course at the back of it all is the Japanese government, who realized as did Napoleon Buonaparte, that a judicious system of state encouragement will foster young trading till it assumes a proportion where it can look after itself. They are consequently granting subsidies and privileges to merchants and meeting them half way in every particular. Consequently when Japanese goods are placed on the market it is customary for them to be snapped up and it is no uncommon thing to find that the common complaint of Japanese storekeepers is that they are continually running short in stocks of home goods, despite the fact that the consignment of the latter from the Japanese ports is practically incessant. The bulk of the goods sold in Manchuria comes from Osaka, and at what is contended by the northern press is correct, they are sent to the local Japanese merchant largely on credit and commission, the prompt payment of which, we are given to understand, is guaranteed by the government, nor does the enterprise of the government end here, for in order to capture the larger markets, such as Mukden and Yinkow, the Japanese Government is actually despatching its own commercial agents with goods calculated to please the Chinese taste, and which on distribution are reckoned to have the effect of creating a demand. Naturally beside governmental aid, there must also be institutions which can further the aims of the Japanese trade. That, we find, is the case for there are in existence large joint stock corporations with immense capital, who with the hearty co-operation of their government, are able, in the majority of cases, to assign means for the covering of losses sustained by private parties. In fact so high has been the development in this direction that the valuation of goods for sale is fixed in many instances, at figures which are actually below the cost of production. Of course this reduction of price is only in favour of the Chinese, for other nationalities pay full price. The reason is not far to seek. The Japanese have nothing to gain from foreigners in northern China. Nor would the reduction in price mean a wider diffusion of goods so far as the European is concerned, and so, contravention to their practice towards the Chinese, the Japanese try to show the European that they set a high marketable value on their goods, with the ultimate result that the foreigners are deceived into thinking that no serious competition is intended with his goods. In the case of Chinese trade, Japan is willing to sell at any price so long as in the end, her efforts are effective in winning the Chinese from the market of Harbin and Shanghai. That such a policy, though expensive, is successful, may be seen from the fact that Harbin Chinese are now proceeding to Japanese manufacturing centres, and buying on the spot and where the Russian refuses to grant an accommodation to the Celestial customer in the matter of credit, the Japanese are only too obliging. This is one method of commanding foreign trade, through what they build up in this manner must be of a rather exotic nature. Remove Government subsidies and the fabric crumbles away. Of course there is no denying the fact that the results, as seen in the diminution of Russian trade, are eminently satisfactory from a Japanese point of view. But where is it going to end? Japan cannot go on granting subsidies ad infinitum, to each ramification to her Chinese commerce. Whether it is hoped in the long run to monopolize the Manchurian market, we know not. Presumably it is and they are in a fair way of realizing their expectations. The only question is whether the cost will not make the venture quite unprofitable, a query that only time and the Chinese can answer.

DAY BY DAY.

Lifeless warfare—between the sexes.

One case of plague was reported during the 24 hours ending noon yesterday. This brings the total up to 253 cases since January 1.

The band of the P. M. S. S. Korea will play a selection of music this evening at the Belle Vue Hotel. Commencing after dinner they will play until midnight.

Missing.—There are five cases of Chinese missing from various places in the City reported to the police for yesterday. They comprise two girls, two boys and a woman.

Alleged Armed Robbery.—The case in which three men are charged with armed robbery at Taitoksoi has been remanded till the 17th inst. Mr. Otto Kong Sing is appearing for the defence.

Sir Arthur Young.—The appointment of Sir Arthur Young as Governor of the Straits Settlements had been cordially received in Penang as foreshadowing a continuity of policy in public affairs.

Typhoon Warning.—We are intimated to the American Consulate General, Hongkong, for the following typhoon warning. The telegram quoted below was received from the Manila Observatory at 11.35 a.m., Manila, August 10, 10.40 a.m. Cyclone or Typhoon N. of Naha moving W.

A Charge of Uttering.—On a charge of uttering forged notes a man was remanded this morning at the Magistrate's till the 14th inst. It is alleged that the man passed 1 forged ten-dollar notes off on a money changer on two different dates last month. Mr. G. Graham is appearing for the defence.

Shanghai Recreation Club.—A complimentary dinner was given by the members of the Shanghai Recreation Club in the Club's pavilion on Wednesday evening to Mr. F. S. Knaplin, the Hon. Secretary of the Club, who is leaving shortly for Yokohama to represent the firm of Kelly & Walsh, Ltd. at that port.

Dismissed Clerk is Awarded Damages.

The case had not concluded when we went to press yesterday in which Ah Chiu Ting, a former clerk at Messrs. A. S. Watson's branch in Kowloon, sued the latter for \$1,500 damages for false imprisonment and malicious prosecution. The jury found in favour of the plaintiff, and assessed damages in the sum of \$300.

Brass Plate Thefts.

A shroff living at 2 Seymour Street has complained to the police that a brass plate affixed to his door has been stolen. The value of the missing article is said to be \$25. The police would suggest to those who have brass plates that they should, instead of having them fixed by means of the ordinary screw, have fine holes bored in the doors and brass-headed bolts and nuts used, whereby it would be next to impossible to remove the plate surreptitiously.

The R. S. T. and F. Co.

At the ordinary general meeting of the Rubber Share Trust and Finance Company, Ltd. held in London on July 18, the directors were subjected to lively criticisms. The Chairman (Mr. A. A. Baumann) foreshadowed the writing-off of issued capital to the extent of one-half in the early autumn to set off against the depreciation of securities. Mr. Keith Arbuthnot seconded the adoption of the report. The accounts were carried, although there was considerable opposition.

Garrison Orders.

Details of Officers for the ensuing week.—Visitor. Detention Barrack.—Major A. C. Ralph, 8th Rajputa. Field Officer for the Week.—Captain C. G. Woodhouse, 120th Baluchistan Infantry. Next for Duty.—C. H. D. St. Clair, A.S.C. Subaltern Officer for the Week.—An Officer, H.K.S.B. R.G.A. Next for Duty.—An Officer, R.E. To furnish Night Guard at Kowloon Lunghai Hospital during ensuing week.—8th Rajputa.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held this afternoon, when there were present:

H.E. the Governor, Sir Frederick John, Deputy Lagard, K.O.M.G., O.B., D.S.O.
H.E. Major-General C. A. Anderson, C.B. (General Officer Commanding the Troops).
Hon. Mr. W. B. Barnes (Colonial Secretary).
Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster (At-Large-General).
Hon. Mr. A. M. Thomson (Colonial Treasurer).
Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, C.M.G. (Director of Public Works).
Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt.
Hon. Mr. A. W. Brown (Registrar-General).
Hon. Capt. F. W. Lyons (Capt. Supt. of Police).
Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, M.B., C.M.G.
Hon. Mr. Wei Yuk, C.M.G.
Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C.
Hon. Mr. C. Montague Ede.
Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross.
Mr. C. Clementi (Clerk of Councils).

Finance Minutes.

The following recommendations by H.E. the Governor were referred to the Finance Committee:

The Governor recomends the Council to vote a sum of two hundred and eighty-six dollars (\$286) in aid of the vote Judicial and Legal Departments. The Land Registry Office, Personal Emoluments (Additional Duty Pay of \$30 per annum to Deputy Official Receiver).

The Governor recomends the Council to vote a sum of Seven hundred and three dollars and twenty-two cents (\$703.22) in aid of the vote Observatory, Personal Emoluments, Director Designate, House Allowance.

The Governor recomends the Council to vote a sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in aid of the vote Medical Departments, Hospitals and Asylums, Other Charges, Tung Wa Hospital, Medicines.

The Typhoon Shelter.

Hon. Mr. Pollock, K.C., put the following question standing in his name:

In view of the statement concerning the progress of the work on the Typhoon Refuge, which was laid upon the table at the last meeting of Council, will the Government take steps to ensure that the future monthly expenditure on this work during the remaining 52 months of the contract time and the general progress of the work shall be such as to safeguard the completion of the work within the contract time of five years?

The reply of the Colonial Secretary was:

The Government are taking all steps in their power to expedite the work and to ensure its completion within the contract time.

Protection of Women and Girls.

The Hon. Registrar General moved the first reading of a bill entitled, "An Ordinance to further amend the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897," which provides as follows:

"The Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance 1897, as amended by subsequent Ordinance, is hereby further amended in subsection (1) of section 13 thereof by the deletion of the words 'he may order the occupier or keeper to discontinue such use of it; and if such order is not complied with within such time as the Magistrate may by his order direct the Magistrate shall impose.'"

Objects.

This Bill by changing a "may" into a "shall" limits a Magistrate's discretion so that in future when he is satisfied on complaint being made by the Captain Superintendent of Police or by the Registrar General that a house is used as a lodging-house for prostitutes or disorderly persons or as a brothel he must punish. His discretion, however, as to the amount of the fine is not interfered with. Where the complaint does not come from the Captain Superintendent of Police or from the Registrar General proceedings are taken under another Ordinance (No. 1 of 1894) in which case the Magistrate's general discretion is not affected by this Bill.

Definition Too Wide.

The first reading of a Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance, 1900," was taken.

Reasons.

The definition of "Exempted person" in the Principal Ordinance has been considered too wide. It was: "Exempted person" means and includes any person in the Naval, Military, or Civil Services of the Crown; and any officer of any Foreign Government, and any officer or volunteer as defined by the Volunteer Ordinance, 1893, or by any Ordinance amending or supplementing the same, and any person appointed for the same, and any Justice of the Peace, special juror, member of the Legislative Council, or other person exempted by Ordinance from serving on a jury on account of his vocation or profession and any member of the Police Force and any district watchman.

New Crown Solicitor.

The Hon. Attorney General also moved the first reading of a bill entitled "An Ordinance to enable Joseph Horsford Kemp Esquire, Barrister-at-law, to practice as Crown Solicitor in the Court and to provide for the payment of solicitors' costs in cases in which a salaried Crown Solicitor or Assistant Crown Solicitor acts as solicitor."

Objects and Reasons.

The Bill is necessary owing to the appointment as Crown Solicitor of Mr. Kemp who will be an English barrister by the time he arrives in the Colony. Section 6 of the Crown Council's Fees Ordinance, 1903, which deals with the Attorney General's costs. The arrangement with the present Acting Crown Solicitor expires on the 31st August.

The Pension Fund.

The Hon. Attorney General moved the second reading of the bill to get further amend the Widows and Orphans' pension fund Ordinance. He said that the bill had been introduced because the Secretary of State had decided that in the case of widows and assistant auditors, their contributions to the Widows and Orphans' fund should not be compulsory, but should be voluntary. He merely added another section to the Ordinance.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary seconded and the motion was carried.

The Council then went into Committee on the bill, which not being amended, was read for a third time and passed.

Crown Lands Resumption.

In the Committee stage on the ordinance to amend the Crown Land Resumption Ordinance, 1900, the Hon Mr. C. H. Ross said in reference to one clause that he understood certain parties had sent a communication in to the Government and that they had had a reply. However they had not had time to consider it and he would ask that the bill be delayed until they should have had an opportunity of considering it.

H.E. the Governor.

The clause shall be left in committee if you like.

The Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross agreed to this course being adopted.

Minimum Penalties.

The bill for the abolition of minimum penalties was read a third time and passed.

Interpreting Terms.

The Hon. Attorney General moved that the Council should go into committee on the bill to codify the interpretation of the terms used in the ordinances.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary seconded.

Dr. Ho Kai thought it had been referred to the law committee.

The Colonial Secretary moved the suspension of the standing orders so that only the head of each section be read and not word for word.

Hon. Mr. Pollock thought it was hardly necessary if the bill had been referred to the law committee.

Dr. Ho Kai affirmed that the bill had been so referred but the colonial secretary said that the chairman of that committee had not certified on the bill.

The Attorney General said that the bill was different from when it was certified by the chairman of the Law Committee, and seconded the motion of the Colonial Secretary. Parts of the bill were left in committee.

LAUNCH ENGINEER'S CARELESSNESS.

Certificate Cancelled.

At the Harbour Office this morning, before Mr. Edward Jones, Assistant Harbour Master, an inquiry was held into the circumstances respecting the negligence in the performance of his duty, by doing severe damage to the boiler of the steam-launch Tsuru Maru on the 31st July, against Kwok Kau, the engineer of the launch, preferred by the Mitsu-Bishi Kaisha.

Mr. Miyasaki, Assistant Manager of the Mitsu Bishi Kaisha, stated that the defendant was engaged on the 11th of March, this year, and on the 1st August the witness was advised by Mr. Nicholson of the Cosmopolitan Dock, that serious damage was done to the boiler by the negligence of the defendant. The launch was about three years old and the damage done amounted to \$2,130. That was the first occasion he had had to complain against the defendant.

Defendant stated that the reason he had used salt water on or about the 27th July was on account of his not being able to get fresh water, there being a typhoon blowing at the time. He used salt water for two days. On the night of the 27th July, he towed five cargo-boats to Chin Wan. He left Yau-ma-tei about 7 p.m. and reached Chin Wan about 10 p.m. and returned to Yau-ma-tei about 11 p.m.

The master of the launch told the crew to remove some damaged coal from a cargo-boat to the launch, which delayed him from getting fresh water. There were no water boats in the vicinity at the time. The next morning (28th) he attempted to get fresh water from the Star Ferry wharf and was successful in getting it. He got about 120 gallons. He then used fresh water, and did not use further salt water. He did not tell the master of the launch that he was short of fresh water, but the firemen knew.

Mr. Macdonald, Marine Surveyor, stated that he personally surveyed the boiler on the 1st August and also on the 3rd and found in the boiler a very thick scale of salt, which could, with ordinary care, have been avoided, it being absolutely impossible to get scale at all under such ordinary circumstances. He was sure that salt water must have been used for a considerable period. He was of opinion that the defendant was guilty of gross negligence which might have resulted in loss of life by explosion.

Defendant, recalled, said that he was told by his master to leave his service on the 28th July and he did not attend his duties on the 29th.

The Magistrate found that after careful consideration of the case and noting Mr. Macdonald's advice that the defendant was not a fit and proper person to hold a launch engineer's certificate. He considered him guilty of gross negligence and, had life or limb suffered in consequence a more serious charge would have been preferred against him. His certificate would be cancelled and before he could come up for a further examination, he would have to satisfy the examiner with at least a twelve months' testimonial of service as fireman.

EMIGRANTS SOLD INTO SLAVERY.

"THE TELEGRAPH" CORRESPONDENT Canton, August 8.

Recently a number of merchants have been inducing the ignorant Chinese laborers, with promises of huge fortunes awaiting them, to go abroad. As soon as these laborers arrived at their destination, they were sold as slaves. As a result, many of them have died and some of them have been enabled to return to their homes. The Chinese residents abroad have petitioned the Canton Viceroy to prevent the carrying on of this inhuman traffic. As Swatow is the headquarters of these emigrants, the Canton Viceroy has appointed an official in Swatow with authority to superintend and inspect the emigrants going abroad.

YESTERDAY'S STABBING AFFAIR.

A Savage Attack.

We have been able to gather fresh details of the onslaught which was made on Mr. Atkinson, an assistant in Messrs. Brewer and Company, in the early hours of yesterday morning at the quarters of the European Y.M.C.A. by a discharged "boy," apparently from motives of revenge, the man having previously been reported by Mr. Atkinson for some reason or other. The first thing the victim was aware of on opening his eyes was that something was being pressed down his side. To his consternation, he saw a knife in the hand of the erstwhile boy, with which the latter was endeavouring to plunge into him. Mr. Atkinson gave a manly yell, so did the boy, and the next thing Mr. Atkinson remembered was that he was leaping over fallen pieces of furniture which the boy had presumably overturned in order to check his pursuer's progress. Beeding profusely all the time, Mr. Atkinson tumbled over a chair which was lying across the doorway and sustained severe bruises on the lower part of his body. The injuries inflicted by the knife were no less than six in number, but fortunately, the assailant confined his attentions to the region of the ribs. There is little doubt that had he used the knife a little lower down, the victim would have been placed in a far more dangerous position. As it was, he had to lie up the whole day yesterday and he still feels the effects of the assault.

The Police are still investigating but so far, no one has been arrested. It is surmised that the offender has either escaped over the border or is hiding in the Colony.

THE RECENT EXPLOSION.

Chinaman Charged with Manslaughter.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistrate's this afternoon, Lai Mun Ning, a trader was charged with alleged manslaughter of a Chinese boy 10 years of age on the 28th July last, near the Leung Wing wharf on the praya. Inspector Langley, of the Water Police, prosecuted and Mr. R. A. Harding appeared on behalf of the defendant, who pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Mr. Macfarlane, Medical Officer in charge of the Government Mortuary at Hongkong, was the first witness called. In the course of his medical evidence, he said that on the 29th July, at 8.15 a.m., he made a personal examination of the deceased, who was identified by his father and P. C. 30. The body showed signs of having received mortal injuries, consistent with death by explosion. The abdomen was torn open and the intestines were hanging out. Sticks and stones (produced) were taken out from the interior of the abdomen. There was a compound fracture on the left wrist, right forearm and right thigh and there was a large wound in the head.

Further evidence was called and the case remanded.

SERIOUS FIRE AT WEST POINT.

Naphtha Bursts Into Flame.

This morning a serious outbreak of fire occurred on a lighter that was lying alongside the S.S. Satsuna. This vessel had come into port with a cargo of tins of naphtha and was anchored at the dangerous goods anchorage off West Point. The cargo was being transferred to the lighter, when apparently one of the tins exploded with the result that the rest followed and the lighter was speedily fired. The burning craft was taken away from the steamship and was subsequently towed to the Tsing I Island, where she was beached and allowed to burn out. The extent of the damage has not yet been ascertained, but it involves the total destruction of the lighter, which were given to understand belongs to the Kowloon Co. Ltd. The outbreak occurred at seven o'clock this morning.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

A Stormy Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the Victoria Recreation Club was held at the Club Gymnasium yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large attendance of members. In the course of the meeting a sharp discussion arose owing to certain discussions among members, which some of those present seemed to regard in the nature of an impromptu division and consequently, the business of the afternoon was considerably hampered. Dr. C. Forsyth took the chair and supporting him at the table were Messrs. H. A. Lammert, R. L. Bridger, A. McKirdy, A. N. Kemp, A. A. Claxton, L. Lammert and F. Lammert (Hon. Secretary).

The notice convening the meeting having been read by the Secretary, the Chairman said: "Gentlemen: The printed report and statement of accounts having been circulated, we will, if you have no objection, consider them as read. Taking the reports of the various sub-committees in order, and coming first to that of house sub-committee, one has only to look round the walls to note that the committee has been zealous and undoubtedly improved the club, and it is gratifying that the expenses of this committee will be practically nil for the next year or two. Next we will look at the boat-house sub-committee, and in the first place, we cannot but feel a deep sense of loss in the death of Mr. H. A. Musso, who really was the heart of the rowing section, and will be a very difficult man to replace. I must say I am very disappointed at finding practically no rowing taking place, and personally can strongly recommend rowing as absolutely one of the best sports for keeping one in good condition; but rowing is a hard master and constant practice is necessary, and before beginning to row each man should be thoroughly overhauled by his doctor and those who have not got a doctor I will be delighted to overhauled them any evening they wish. I trust the rowing section will be born again, so that we may run a regatta this year. You have all the essentials and it only requires two or three dozen men to put themselves in training to carry it out. Now let us look at the bath-house sub-committee. Their report speaks for itself, but one must mention the name of Tommy Logan, who was such a source of strength to us in Shanghai and I have on good authority that he has a younger brother who will probably become next champion as a matter of fact, Tommy is already rather afraid of his brother. The new bath is certainly a great success, but the expense of running it is one that has to be met, and it is not a light expense. It has been particularly gratifying to me to mark the success which continues to attend the Club's aquatic entertainments, and the pleasure they evidently provide to outside spectators; the very welcome presence of so many ladies at these gatherings is particularly flattering to the club. The gymnasium, although thoroughly equipped, is practically unused, except by the occasional enthusiast, and he apparently very soon ceases to be so; and though your committee secured an excellent instructor, it was not sufficient to stimulate the necessary enthusiasm; and in consequence the experiment will not at present be continued. Why with our large number of members, and the splendid opportunities they have had in watching various professional boxers, we cannot manage more boxing tournaments I cannot understand. When I was a school boy we all learnt at school, and when home for holidays we had private fights, and rattling good fights they were. The V.R.C. is essentially the club of the younger generation in this Colony, and the place where we ought to see the gloves being used with unflinching regularity. Your chairman is an old hand at the game, and I am sure will be only too pleased to help anyone with hints. The bar report is eminently satisfactory, especially as the profit is this year the best part of our credit on the year's work. When I saw how much had been made I at once made it my duty to see what refreshments

were being taken, as with so many young members I was rather anxious for the good name of the club, but was pleased to find that 'squashes and mineral waters' won by a very large majority; you are also to be complimented in the fact that with a turnover of \$13,000 old, but debts only reached \$44. There is one thing I must say, and I hope the new sub-committee will consider, that is, I consider the prices are too high. The club is not run to make a lot of money at the bar, so the drinks should be as cheap as possible, and I hope the committee will see that they are. Not being an expert accountant, I shall not attempt to go into them minutely and will just point out one or two things that particularly struck me as I ran over them. Firstly, practically every sub-division shows a profit, which is eminently satisfactory, and of those that show no profit, the scratch rowing race is 40 cents, which we will not worry over. The athletic sports show a loss of \$84.39, but we have subscribed \$60 to other clubs, which considerably reduces our loss; then again the Committee that comes in to-night must try and get the mat-races and other accessories put up and made by contract. I feel sure that big item would be considerably reduced. Lastly, in the water polo account we show a loss of \$23.10, but as we subscribe \$50 to the Polo Association, that is easily accounted for. On the whole then, I consider I can congratulate you on a very satisfactory year's working, and can only hope that next year will be better still; and at the same time do not forget that these reports all mean a lot of work, so I would take this opportunity, on my own behalf as well as yours, of thanking all the various sub-committees and officers who have acted as officials at the various entertainments. I leave Mr. Lammert and Mr. Claxton to the last, as unless you have been on Committee you cannot realise the amount of work these untiring and obliging individuals get through. It is the custom in some clubs, and I wish it were so in this, to recompense them in some way or other, and with the Club the size it is, and mark you, increasing steadily all the time, you will have to consider the question of having a paid secretary and manager in fact, I really think it would be a good investment for the club at the present time. In conclusion, we cannot but regret the absence of our general Chairman, who is away on business, and will no doubt be thinking of us this evening. Before proposing the adoption of the report and accounts, I will be pleased to answer any questions to the best of my ability.

There were no questions. The Chairman proposed the adoption of the report and accounts. Mr. Kennett seconded. The Chairman proposed the following resolution of the General Committee: "That the annual subscription shall be increased owing to the numerous extra expenses incurred by the Club, such as interest on and redemption of debentures in connection with the bath, in addition to general upkeep of the Club." At this point, the Chairman read a letter received from His Excellency the Governor.

Mr. Claxton supported the resolution, and in doing so, made a lengthy and detailed statement regarding the financial position of the Club. He called upon all members to take up debentures, so as to relieve the pressure on a few members who were playing the game and giving the younger members of the community a good time. He asked that the matter be taken seriously to heart and suggested that the annual subscription should be raised from \$15 to \$20.

Dr. Kew opposed the resolution on the ground that the Committee ought to consider the matter from another point of view—the point of view of the younger generation. The V.R.C. was essentially a club for the younger generation and a bar leaving school could scarcely afford the increased subscription suggested. Instead of trying to increase the annual subscription, they should see that the incoming committee displayed a little more energy than the present one in the way of promoting

boxing and swimming contests than had hitherto been done. The speaker went on to accuse the committee in no measured terms of a lack of energy.

Mr. Jorge seconded Dr. Kew. The Chairman—Dr. Kew wants us to consider the younger generation, I ask you to consider the future generation, for whom, I'm afraid there will be no club at all if Dr. Kew's amendment is adopted. (Hear, hear.)

The resolution was put to the meeting and on the committee raising their hands in favour of the resolution, Dr. Kew said: "The committee have no right to vote."

The Secretary—Of course, we have. Show us the rules. A count was taken, after which the Chairman said: "Gentlemen, the committee have not voted. The resolution is carried by 46 to 11. (Loud applause.)"

It was proposed that the subscription should be paid half-yearly. A member—Can we pay our subscriptions by instalments in advance? (Loud laughter.)

The Chairman—The committee is waiting for your subscription for the next ten years (Laughter).

A discussion arose and on a show of hands, the proposal was adopted by 53 to 5.

Mr. Claxton proposed that an honorarium of \$300 be voted to the Secretary. Mr. H. A. Lammert proposed, and Mr. J. H. Self seconded, the re-election of Mr. A. Rodger as Chairman.

Mr. Frank Lammert was re-elected Secretary. It was agreed that Mr. Claxton be re-elected Treasurer. Mr. Claxton declined the appointment on account of his being forced to leave for home shortly.

Mr. Bridger—I think, gentlemen, with a little persuasion, we can retain Mr. Claxton as treasurer. He has to work just as hard as the secretary and I suggest that he receive an honorarium.

Dr. Kew—Another \$200. The Chairman—Dr. Kew, taking into consideration the feeling of the house, your remark was extremely ill-advised and uncalled for. (Hear, hear.) If the honorarium is voted, Mr. Claxton deserves it; if not, I'm sure he'll not cry over it. (Hear, hear.)

A voice—It is only right that the subscription should be increased but Mr. Claxton must eat the soup he has been cooking. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Claxton—I've eaten it last year.

Mr. Wichee—I propose Dr. Kew as treasurer (Laughter).

The Chairman—Are you agreeable, Dr. Kew?

Dr. Kew—I'm not standing for nomination.

Eventually, the resolution was carried by 46 to 11, in favour of the honorarium to Mr. Claxton.

The Chairman—Before proceeding further with the business before the meeting, the Committee, in view of the caustic remarks of Dr. Kew, feel it incumbent upon them to resign in a body. (Cries of "No, no.")

The election of Officers for the current year resulted as follows:—Chairman, Mr. A. Rodger, Secretary, Mr. Frank Lammert, Treasurer, Mr. A. A. Claxton, General Committee, A. E. Alves, R. L. Bridger, A. E. Durrich, L. E. Lammert, H. A. Lammert, W. A. Crake, A. P. Nobbs, Dr. F. H. Kew and Dr. C. Forsyth.

At the Magistracy this morning a man, for selling opium without a licence, was fined \$100.

The Australian Mail.

H. M. mails should have gone forward per Empress of China on the 12th, but for the unfortunate accident to her. However arrangements have been made to forward the mail, from Hongkong to Nagasaki per Pacific Mail s.s. Korea, sailing on the 11th instant. From Nagasaki, they will be carried by rail to Yokohama and there placed on board the Great Northern s.s. Minnesota sailing on the 19th for Victoria, thus making them due there about the 1st September. The mail for this s.s. Korea closes at noon on Friday, as per Post Office notice.

MR. D. FULLER TO VISIT MANILA.

Arrangements Up to Date.

To-day Mr. Fuller, the talented organist of St. John's Cathedral, proceeds to Manila by the S. S. Zafiro, to repeat the visit which he made with such success when he opened the Cathedral organ there some good while back. As the Manila papers show, the visit of Hongkong's premier musician has been eagerly looked forward to, for without doubt good music is as much appreciated in Manila as here. As on the former occasion Mr. Fuller will be the guest of Bishop Brent and his stay in the Philippines will be about a fortnight. During that time he will give at least two organ recitals in the Cathedral, on the 16th and 18th inst.

On the first occasion the programme will be chosen from the following:—"Prelude in D minor," Bach; "Meditation," Battiste; "Toccata," Beethoven; "La Nuit," Rarg-Elert; "Homage, March," out of Sigurd Jorsalfar; "Grieg;" and the First Movement from Clara's Organ Sonata.

While the first programme is of a very high nature the second purposes it, containing as it does—"Toccata" and "Fugue" in D minor, Bach; "Serenade," F. Bridge; "Finale," Schalkowsky; "Prayer and Benediction," Guilmant, and "Prelude," Borowski.

The receipts from the organ recitals will be devoted to the University Hospital. It is interesting to note that among the soloists at Manila, who will assist in the organ recitals, is a lady, who was a pupil and intimate friend of the late Master Greig. It is also hoped at Manila that, while he is there, Mr. Fuller will play a large concert, but this is by no means certain as the event has not yet been definitely fixed up.

It will be remembered that his piano recital for the Monday Musical Club was a very successful item of his last visit. Mr. Fuller will be back in time to commence the season's organ recitals on Tuesday, September 5th.

THE GUILD.

The Ki Nga, one of the largest native printing houses in the Colony, which company among other enterprises, prints the less than forty Chinese newspapers, is now feeling the heel of the guilds.

Five guilds, alluded to a few days ago in these columns, complain that the Hongkong Police are at present entirely too active in the matter of espionage and as it was desired to hold a representative meeting of the combined guilds, and at the same time to get the sympathy of the Printers' Guild of Canton, in order to prevent the Ki Nga getting assistance from that quarter should a strike be declared in the Ki Nga shop here, the last meeting was held in Canton. The meeting was a representative one and was presided over by the new vice-president of the allied Hongkong guilds. The new president, who is in the employ of the "South China Morning Post," having but recently returned from Canton, found it inconvenient to so soon again absent himself from his work; therefore, the vice-president, who is employed in the "Hongkong Telegraph," was asked to proceed to Canton and preside at this meeting. He did so, returning to his work yesterday.

UNNECESSARY CRITICISM.

Mr. F. W. Jowett, the Labour member for West Bradford, speaking at a Labour demonstration there on July 16th, said that much unnecessary criticism had been levelled against the Insurance Bill. It was a misfortune that much of that criticism was directed against provisions which were not as described. His endeavour would be to remedy the defects of the Bill during its passage through Parliament, and when it was presented for Third Reading would be the time to determine finally whether it was worth having or not.

SEDITIONARY LITERATURE IN THE COLONY.

Field-Marshal of China.

Of late, there has been a good deal of seditious matter circulated in the Colony. The literature in question is for the most part anti-dynastic and calls upon the people in inflammatory terms to rise up in arms against the ruling powers in the hope of securing their overthrow. Royal prospects are held out to those joining the revolutionary cause and many promises are made of profitable appointments. Last month a prominent Chinese gentleman who is identified with the public life of the Colony received a pamphlet in which some obscure individual styled himself "Field-Marshal" of China. The title, as may be guessed, is purely mythical and the announcement should be taken cum grano salis. These pamphlets do not even possess the saving grace of being printed but are copies of an original got up in copying ink. Be that as it may, penevolent citizens are called upon to commence a period of warfare against the present rulers of China. To all such we would give a word of caution and advice—Beware. It is almost needless to remark that on receipt of the pamphlet, the gentleman in question promptly forwarded it to the Registrar-General for his edification.

The Police now have the matter in hand.

MILINER SUES TENANT.

Broken Windows Cause of Litigation.

Before Mr. Justice Gompertz, Puisne Judge, at the Summary Court this morning, Miss Marion Cairns, milliner, of Prince's Buildings, sued G. S. Sam, an Indian trader, of 18, Nathan Road, Kowloon, to recover the sum of \$431.60, being as to \$10.60, half the cost of the tenancy agreement paid by the plaintiff on behalf of the defendant, as to \$108 rent rates and taxes due from the defendant to the plaintiff in respect of 18, Nathan Road, Kowloon; and as to \$313 damages for breach of an agreement to keep the premises in good repair and condition, such sum of \$313, being cost of replacing the windows of the premises, which have been broken during the tenancy of the defendant. Mr. M. Reader Harris, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Crist, appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Harris said that Mr. Holmes had originally appeared for the defendant but was no longer instructed.

Defendant's name was formally called out three times, and on his failing to answer to his name, plaintiff went into the box to prove the claim. Plaintiff stated she was the lessee of 18 Nathan Road, Kowloon, from Humphreys Estates, Ltd., and on the 7th April let the premises to the defendant under an agreement. During defendant's tenancy of the premises, two plate-glass windows were broken and the estimated cost of replacing them was \$313. When the windows were broken there was no typhoon.

His Lordship—The broken glasses are not covered by insurance?

Plaintiff—I've been called upon to replace them.

Mr. Harris stated that \$43.50 should come off the writ, as that sum had since been paid.

Judgment was entered for the plaintiff for \$388.10.

Hospital for Kowloon.

A bill entitled "An Ordinance for the Establishment of a Hospital for the care and treatment of Chinese patients in the Kowloon Peninsula" was also read a first time.

DON'T FORGET.

Thursday, August 10. Filiz Circus, Victoria Skating Rink, 9.15 p.m.

Tuesday, August 15th. Return of Volunteer Contingent.

Saturday, August 19th. Half-yearly meeting of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, City Hall, noon.

Monday, August 21. Half-yearly meeting of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Queen's Buildings, noon.

MILK FIVE CENTS A PINT.

PURE, FRESH, SEPARATED, NATURAL.

REMOVED: THE CREAM ONLY.

ADDED: NOTHING.

If you must use Separated Milk why not have it FRESH?

For sale by

THE DAIRY FARM Co., Ltd.

One penny a pint!

To-day's Advertisements

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AN ASSISTANT COSTS CLERK.

Preference given to applicants with previous experience.

Apply—

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Hongkong, 10th Aug., 1911. 1308

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

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General Managers.

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Hongkong, 2nd Jan., 1911. 1309

GRAND OPENING of FRANK FILLIS' GREAT EUROPEAN CIRCUS.

at THE VICTORIA SKATING RINK, opposite the Central Market, Hongkong, on Wednesday, August 9th, 1911, for 7 DAYS ONLY.

"Great Tremendous Programmes" will be presented at each Performance. Daring, Thrilling, Exciting, Novel, Funny and Sensational Acts, including all the World Famous Trained Horses, Fairy Ponies, Dogs, Leopards, Monkeys, Rabbits, &c., &c., the only World Famed Artists.

50 in all 50

in sensational, contortionists, acts, Ladies and Gentle—on Jockey act Riders, Wonderful Jugglers, Wonderful Barrel Twisters, Song and Dance Artists, and everything that is wonderful, all to be seen in the Rink on Wednesday, 9th August, and also Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th August.

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY and SUNDAY.

and 4 or 5 attractive programmes will be presented.

Doors open at 3 o'clock. Performance at 4 p.m.

A GRAND CHINESE PIG HUNT.

50 Dollars for Pigs 50

will take place on Saturday, August 12th, and Sunday, August 13th. Free for all Chinese.

Popular Prices for Performances: 30 cents Gallery, 50 cents Camped Seats, \$1 Stalls, \$2 Reserved Seats, and \$1 Box Seats. Children half price to Matinee.

Doors open at 8 p.m. Performance 9.15 p.m. sharp.

Booking plan at Messrs. ROBINSON PIANO CO.

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D. B. McPHERSON, Manager.

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LOG BOOK.

SHIPBUILDING RETURNS.

The following extracts are taken from Lloyd's Register Shipbuilding Returns for the quarter ending June 30:

From the returns compiled by Lloyd's Register of Shipping, it appears that, excluding warships, there were 490 vessels of 1,470,394 tons gross and under construction in the United Kingdom at the close of the quarter ended 30th June, 1911. The particulars of the vessels in question are as follows: Steam 466 with a gross tonnage of 1,466,989 against 371 with a gross tonnage of 1,115,481 on June 30, 1910.

Sail 30, gross tonnage 9,405 against 23, with gross tonnage of 3,103 on June 30, 1910. This makes a grand total of 490 with a gross tonnage of 1,470,394 compared with 391 gross tonnage of 1,115,481 on June 30, 1910.

The tonnage now under construction is about 102,000 tons more than that which was in hand at the end of last quarter and exceeds by 358,000 tons the tonnage building in June, 1910. The figures are the highest reported in the Society's Quarterly Returns, being 62,000 tons more than the previous record total, which was reached in September, 1901. 745,000 tons have been practically doubled in the last two years.

Of the vessels under construction in the United Kingdom at the end of June, 371 of 1,000,528 tons are under the supervision of the Surveyors of Lloyd's Register with a view to classification by this Society. In addition, 61 vessels of 237,072 tons are building abroad to the Society's classification. The total building at the present time under the supervision of Lloyd's Register is, thus, 432 vessels of 1,237,600 tons. Details of this total follow:

Building in United Kingdom for home account, for sale, &c. 302 878,985
Building in United Kingdom for foreign and colonial account 60 122,443
Building abroad for foreign and colonial account 61 235,907
Total building on 30th June, for classification with Lloyd's Register 432 1,237,600

A VILLAGE PILLAGED.

(The "Telegraph" Correspondent.)

Canton, August 8.

Some days ago a daring piracy was successfully perpetrated in the waters of Nantun. It appears that on the afternoon in question, while the steam launch Tai Wuy was passing, having in tow several boats fully loaded with silk cocoons from Ying-ki of Shun-tak district, she was fired at by the pirates lying ambushed in the mulberry trees on the banks. The pirates ran out and gave orders to the vessel to make for the shore. The pirates then went on board and forced the pilot at the point of their revolvers to steam ahead. When the vessel reached Tanchay of Heungshan district, the pirates landed and entered the village. They then robbed the village and took away with them booty estimated at about \$10,000, besides holding a merchant and three shopmen for ransom. Over forty families were looted, one pedestrian and two braves were shot dead. It was very late at night when they returned to the vessel. They left everything on the cocoon boats untouched and went away with the booty they had stolen from the village.

Intimations

AERTEX CELLULAR.

COOLEST & MOST COMFORTABLE UNDERWEAR

for THE SUMMER HIGH GRADE.

J. T. SHAW, TAILOR AND OUTFITTER.

Hongkong Hotel Buildings.

Queen's Rd. Central. [1233]

DEAR TRAMWAYS CO. LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 min.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " " 15 min.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " " 15 min.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. " " 15 min.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. " " 15 min.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. " " 15 min.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. " " 15 min.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. " " 15 min.
3.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. every 15 minutes.

SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. every 15 min.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " " 15 min.
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 noon " " 15 min.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " " 15 min.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. " " 15 min.
5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. " " 15 min.
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. " " 10 min.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Cars at 11.45 p.m.

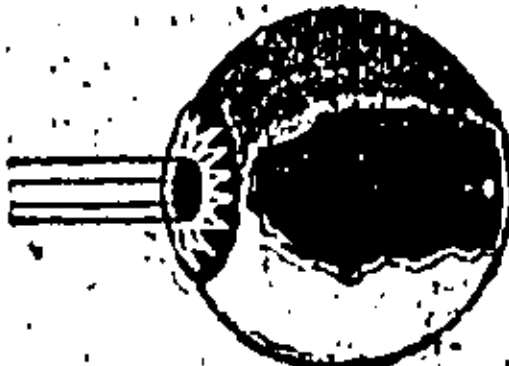
SPECIAL CARS.

By Arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Voeux Road.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON

General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1911.



SUN GLASSES.

Any tint made to any prescription.

No charge for testing sight.

Repairs of all description made by competent workmen.

N. LAZARUS,

Ophthalmic Optician,

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Hongkong, 21st July, 1911. [929]

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(CAPITAL PAID UP, \$1,250,000.)

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Hongkong, 10th March, 1908. [41]

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BOILERMAKERS, FORGEMASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

Modern Appliances for quick construction and repair of Ships,

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Electrical Drives, Hydraulic & Pneumatic Tools

installed throughout the Works.

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GRAVING DOCK.

78 ft. by 88 ft. by 8 ft. 6 in.

Pumps empty Dock in 2-3-4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS

take up vessels up to 3,000 tons

weight, providing conditions for

painting ships with most efficient results.

100-TON ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY.

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THE SHEDS RANGING UP TO 100 TONS.

Estimates given for Docking, Repairs to Hull and Machinery, Constructional Work.

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Shipping Steamers.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LD.

Hongkong-South China Coast Ports.

Highest Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having splendid Accommodation for First-Class Passengers. Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

SHIPPING.

CAPTAIN.

LEAVING.

HAIRMAN, Capt. A. H. Stewart, FRIDAY, 11th Aug. at 1 p.m.

HAIRMAN, Capt. W. C. Pasmore, THURSDAY, 10th Aug. at 1 p.m.

HAIRMAN, Capt. J. S. Roneh, FRIDAY, 11th Aug. at 1 p.m.

During the months of JULY and AUGUST, RETURN TICKETS

valid for three months will be issued at a reduction of 20% on the usual rate.

Calling at Amoy for passengers only.

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EXCHANGE.

Selling.	
T.T. Demand	1/9 7/10
30 d/s	1/9 8/10
60 d/s	1/9 9/10
4 m/s	1/9 10/10
T.T. Shanghai	74 1/2
T.T. Singapore	74 1/2
T.T. Japan	87 1/2
T.T. India	87 1/2
Demand India	87 1/2
T.T. San Francisco and New York	48 1/2
T.T. Japan	107 1/2
T.T. Marks	183
T.T. France	225 1/2

Buying.

4 m/s L/C	170 1/2
6 m/s D/P	170 1/2
6 m/s L/C	170 1/2
30 d/s Sydney & Melbourne	110 1/2
30 d/s San Francisco & New York	44 1/2
4 m/s Marks	187 1/2
4 m/s France	225 1/2
6 m/s do	232 1/2
Bar Silver	24 1/10
Bank of England rate	3 1/2
Sovereign	\$11.11

POST OFFICE.

Only fully prepaid letters and post-cards are transmissible by the Siberian Route to Europe.

Owing to the Empress of China not being available to take mails for Canada, etc., on her date due under contract, viz. at 6 p.m. on Saturday, the 12th inst., these mails will in consequence be forwarded on the previous day by P. M. s.s. Korea and will be closed at this office at the time indicated for that ship.

A Mail will close for:

Chefoo and Newchwang	Per Fri. 11th Aug., 10 a.m.
Saigon	Per Marie, 11th Aug., 10 a.m.
Keelung, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma, and Portland	Per Urtic, 11th Aug., 11 a.m.
Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu, and San Francisco	Per Korea, 11th Aug., noon.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Per Hainan, 11th Aug., noon.
Macao	Per Sui Tai, 11th Aug., 1.10 p.m.

Per Sui Tai, 11th Aug., 1.10 p.m.

Kushinetsu, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, Tacoma, Vancouver and Seattle	Per Oana, 11th Aug., 2 p.m.
Wei-hai-wei and Tientsin	Per Kuei-chow, 11th Aug., 3 p.m.
Tsingtau	Per Madelon, 11th Aug., 4 p.m.
San Francisco	Per Tamara, 11th Aug., 5 p.m.
Hainan	Per Singan, 12th Aug., 9 a.m.

Singapore, Penang, and Bombay	Per Ichi, 12th Aug., 11 a.m.
Batavia, Cherbon, Samarang, Sourabaya and Macassar	Per Tjinali, 12th Aug., 11 a.m.
Manila (taking Mails for Cebu and Iloilo)	Per Loongang, 12th Aug., 1 p.m.
Macao	Per Sui Tai, 12th Aug., 1.10 p.m.

Manila (taking Mails for Cebu and Iloilo) Yap, Marun, Friedrich, Wilhelmshafen, Raul, Herbertshof, Matupi, Samat, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Per Prinz Waldemar, 12th Aug., 1 p.m.
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SHANGHAI, SIBERIAN Mail to Europe	Per Chinua, 12th Aug., 3 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Tamsui	Per Dai-maru, 13th Aug., 9 a.m.

Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Per Laisang, 14th Aug., 11 a.m.
Shanghai	Per Honggang, 14th Aug., 3 p.m.
Europe, etc., India via Taticron	Per Yama, 15th Aug., 11 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Per Hainan, 15th Aug., noon.
Keelung, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Shimizu, Yokohama, Victoria and Seattle	Per Awa-maru, 15th Aug., 8 p.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Per Tean, 15th Aug., 8 p.m.
Singapore, Penang and Colombo	Per Iyo-maru, 15th Aug., 8 p.m.
Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Per Talyan, 17th Aug., 3 p.m.

Shanghai	Per Anhu, 17th Aug., 3 p.m.
Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe	Per Vorwarde, 16th Aug., 11 a.m.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco (Siberian Mail to Europe)	Per Nippon Maru, 14th Aug., 10 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

MAILS DUE.

Pacific (Siberia) 18th inst.
Pacific (China) 22nd inst.
Pacific (Manchuria) 29th inst.

The C.P.R. Co.'s R.M.S. Mont-cagle left Vancouver, B.C., for this port (via usual ports of call) on the 8th inst., at a.m.

ARRIVALS.

Lutzow, Ger. s.s., 5,115, D. Hottel, 9th Aug.—Yokohama 29th July, Mail and Gen.—M. & Co.	
Foodow, Br. s.s., 1,800, H. P. Vincent, 9th Aug.—Coal.—B. & S.	
Chinua, Br. s.s., 1,312, Benson, 10th Aug.—Shanghai 6th Aug.—Gen.—B. & S.	
Johanne, Ger. s.s., 652, M. Ipland, 10th Aug.—Haiphong 2nd and Hollow 9th Aug.—Gen.—J. & Co.	
Syrin, Br. s.s., 4,190, R. A. Peters, 10th Aug.—Yokohama 25th July, Mail and Gen.—P. & O. S. N. Co.	
Samsen, Br. s.s., 998, R. Petersen, 10th Aug.—Bangkok 1st Aug.—Rice and Wood.—B. & S.	
Seang Dee, Br. s.s., 5,787, J. Travis, 10th Aug.—Rangoon 28th July, and Singapore 5th Aug.—Gen.—Seang Tai Hong & Co.	
Baron Adrossan, Br. s.s., 2,774, S. M. Reid, 10th Aug.—Kobe 4th Aug.—Coal.—Gillman & Co.	
Fri, Nor. s.s., 860, N. G. Andersen, 10th Aug.—Canton 8th Aug.—T. & Co.	

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Machow, for Hainan.	
Pheumphen, for Saigon.	
Zafiro, for Manila.	
Magic, for Saigon.	
Korea, for Keelung.	
Suichang, for Kwong-chow-wan.	
Syrin, for Singapore.	
Dakotah, for San Francisco.	
Onsag, for Canton.	
Linnar, for Shanghai.	
Chinua, for Canton.	

DEPARTED.

Lutzow, for Europe.	
Soslu-maru, for Swatow.	
Zafiro, for Manila.	
Pookang, for Shanghai.	
Kwangah, for Canton.	
Kwong Ping, for Canton.	
Germany, for Canton.	
Kalgan, for Canton.	
Linsu, for Shanghai.	
Uorway, for Saigon.	
Satsuna, for Shanghai.	
Sardinia, for Shanghai.	
Glenturrol, for Shanghai.	
Pausang, for Saigon.	

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Lutzow, arrived 9th August, from Yokohama, &c.:	
Black, L.	Mayer, Miss Ch.
Orake, W.	Murray, J. R.
Davis, L. H.	On Shi
Diener, V.	Poa Tak
Fowler, John R.	Quin, J.
Hermann, J. A. P.	Reiber, Fr.
Harkin, P.	Stein, Mrs. A. L.
Karlen, W. H.	Selma, S. D.
Lam, Pa Fen	Socke, K.
Lopes, C. A.	Shin
Laung Lai Yu	Tochter, Mrs.
Mog, Ngi Lai, Uechmann	
Mr. & Mrs. Yamayuchi	
Per Syrin, arrived 10th Aug., from Foochow:	
Dond, H. H.	

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Prinz Ludwig, sailed on the 9th Aug., for Shanghai, &c.:	
Anakura, Nemazu, Mrs and party	
Holart, P.	Okus
Buchenthal, H.	
Chao Po Yin, Mr. Olander, H. C. and Mrs.	Petersen, A.
Cheng Teo Van	Rozario, Miss G.
Chong, T. H.	Shun Kam Yip
Downes, W.	Stra, Mrs. A. H.
Ellis, M. A.	M. da
Ellis, A. B.	Tsyan, Mr. and Mrs. Sown
Pignaredo, M. A.	Timmerscheidt, R.
Fromm, H.	Tong Hong Leng
Gerin, H. G.	Tang Min Chin
Gubay, Mrs.	Tan Jamoh, Miss M.
Howard, C. T.	
Hol	Weesenger, O.
Ip, Ping Cho	Warren
Lowky	William, E.
Manda	Wuppermann, Dr. H.
Mukase, Mr. and Yandis	

VESSELS IN PORT.

STAMERS.

Anglin, Ger. s.s., 1,095, Chr. Kam-pel, 2nd Aug.—Bangkok 20th July, Rice.—B. & S.	
Awa Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,312, T. Iri-sawa, 6th Aug.—Seattle 3rd Aug.—Gen.—N. Y. K.	
Dakotah, Br. s.s., 2,592, W. A. Ross, 2d Aug.—Amoy 1st Aug.—Gen.—Standard Oil Co.	
Dalgi Maru, Jap. s.s., 300, H. Maruyama, 9th Aug.—Swatow 8th Aug.—Gen.—O. & K.	
Dagny, Nor. s.s., 881, P. Solvason, 6th Aug.—Canton 5th Aug.—Ballast.—A. T. & Co.	
Helmun, Br. s.s., 641, A. H. Stewart, 9th Aug.—Swatow 8th Aug.—Gen.—D. L. & Co.	
Halvard, Nor. s.s., 1,006, C. Andersen, 7th Aug.—Hainan 6th Aug.—Gen.—A. T. & Co.	
Helen, Ger. s.s., 771, H. Bondixon, 7th Aug.—Quinhon 1st and Torrance 5th Aug.—Gen.—J. & Co.	
Hopsang, Br. s.s., 1,359, J. M. Hay, 6th Aug.—Hongay 7th Aug.—Coal.—J. M. & Co.	
Ischia, Ital. s.s., 2,481, Balisto, 4th Aug.—Bombay and Singapore 28th July, Gen.—O. & Co.	
Kiyo Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,000, S. Togo, 6th Aug.—Moji 30th July, Coal.—T. K. K.	
Korea, Am. s.s., 5,651, J. W. Fisher, 1st Aug.—San Francisco via Port 5th July, Mail and Gen.—P. M. S. Co.	
Lai Sang, Br. s.s., 2,225, E. J. Todd, 8th Aug.—Calcutta 25th July, via Penang 1st and Singapore 4th Aug.—Gen.—J. M. & Co.	
Larries, Br. s.s., 1,940, Page, 6th Aug.—Saigon 2nd Aug.—Gen.—Wo Fat Sing.	
Lockean, Ger. s.s., 1,020, W. Taubert, 7th Aug.—Bangkok and Hainan 1st Aug.—Rice.—B. & S.	

Loong Sang, Br. s.s., 1,096, Leask, 8th Aug.—Manila 5th Aug.—Gen.—J. M. & Co.	
Mandarin Maru, Jap. s.s., 4,551, T. Ota, 8th Aug.—Milke 2nd Aug.—Coal.—M. B. K.	
Marie, Ger. s.s., 1,169, Schlaikier, 30th July—Saigon 27th July—Rice and Gen.—J. & Co.	
Nippon Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,452, W. E. Piller, 8th Aug.—San Francisco 12th July, Gen.—T. K. K.	
Onan, Br. s.s., 5,810, W. Cope, 1st Aug.—6th Aug.—Liverpool 24th June, Gen.—B. & S.	
On Sang, Br. s.s., 1,737, A. G. Smith, 29th July—Ching-wan-tao 27th July, Coal.—O. E. M. & Co.	
Orto, Br. s.s., 3,118, Findlay, 7th Aug.—Manila 4th Aug.—Gen.—Bank Line.	
Rajalari, Br. s.s., 1,180, C. Wolf, 3rd Aug.—Bangkok 20th July and Swatow 2nd Aug.—Rice and Teakwood.—B. & S.	
Singon, Br. s.s., 1,047, F. Jamieson, 7th Aug.—Haiphong 5th Aug.—Hainan 6th Aug.—Rice and Coal.—B. & S.	
Tamara, Am. s.s., 3,313, H. Macdonald, 8th Aug.—San Francisco. Kerosin oil.—Standard Oil Co.	
Tilan, Br. s.s., 5,721, H. W. M. Evans, 7th Aug.—Tacoma 8th July, Flour and Gen.—B. & S.	
Tjinali, Dutch s.s., 2,250, J. P. Scholte, 22nd July—Swatow 21st July, Gen.—J. & Co.	
Yochow, Br. s.s., 1,806, McIntosh, 9th Aug.—Hongay 6th Aug.—Coal.—B. & S.	

Edipue, Br. 4-masted Barque, 2,599, White, 29th June—Canton 28th June—Ballast.—Standard Oil Co.	
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SHIPS PASSED THE CANAL.

1st August—Anthracite, Ben-venne, Bulw, Ceylon, Deane Castle, 4th August—Agamemnon, Akti Maru, Antenor, Austria, Caladonia, Dunk-blans, St. Patrick, Sithonia, Xorke 8th August—Nelson, Scandia.	
Arrivals at Home: 4th August—Ernest Simons, Machon, Afghan 8th August—Hitachi Maru, Sueria.	

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

The Peak, near the Tram Terminus.

For Terms, apply to the

MANAGER.

27

Hotels.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

GRAND HOTEL.

Telephone 197.

MANAGEMENT & CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

867 F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

ASTOR HOUSE.

(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL.)

QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel, Recently renovated, and under entirely New Management. Large and comfortable Rooms, Excellent Cuisine under the supervision of an experienced FRENCH CHEF, and separate Tables, Hot and Cold Baths, Electric Light throughout. Terms moderate. First Class accommodation for Families and Tourists.

Under Personal Supervision of

L. GAMEAU, N. BLUMENTHAL,

Proprietor, Manager.

Telephone, 170 Telegrams "Astor."

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OPEN AIR SKATING RINK.

Telephone No. 907.

SESSIONS 10 A.M. to 12 Noon.

2 P.M. to 4 P.M.

Admission 25 cents.

5 P.M. to 8 P.M.

9 P.M. to 11 P.M.

Admission 50 cents.

String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday commencing from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager.

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HOTEL VISITORS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Andrews, W. E.	Mill, L. L.
Bingham, Mrs. G.	Mitchell, E. V.
Buckingham, Miss Model, L.J.	
Buckland, P. J.	Moulder, Mr. and Mrs. A. B.
Colson, E. A.	Nairn, J.
Condon, H. L.	Nelson, W.
Davidson, N. K.	Nicholson, B. J.
Davies, L. H.	North, W.
Dewey, L. H.	O'Connell, Dr. & Mrs. U. C.
Drew, W. C.	Pond, Ernest H.
Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. G. L.	Pratt, E. A.
Eames, E. J. W.	Richard, A. T.
Ehrenfels, Mr. and Mrs. H. C.	Ray, E. H.
Fenton, A. F.	Reay, Miss P.
Fisher, H. G.	Reid, R.
Fulfer, Danman	Rohmann, A.
Gachos, Miss R.	Safer, J.
Joubert, V.	Smull, R. C.
Gould, Mr. & Mrs. Joseph	Solomon, H. H.
Gratiana, D. M. G.	Spaulding, Dr. and Mrs. A. D.
Hall, Capt. T. P.	Spear, Mr.
Harrison, A.	Stanley, D. D.
Hermans, J. N. P.	Square, Miss W.
Hino, A. E.	Steiner, Lt. and Mrs. C. E.
Holmes, Mr.	Waterman, E. J.
Horne, H.	Wear, W. C.
Hough, Dr. S.	Whitney, Mrs. P. C.
Innes, Capt. R.	Wood, H. S.
Macdonald, F. C.	
Marriott, Dr. O.	
Meunier, A.	

GRAND HOTEL.

Blain, N.	Paul, Samuel
Brownlow, E. O.	Pearl, J. W.
Crow, A. B.	Palston, Mr.
Dunally, Mrs. and Ramsey, Mrs. A.	
Georgy, Phillip	Schumann, Mr. and Mrs. F.
Hahr, Mr. and Mrs. Hoff, E.	Steinhart, T. B.
Hudson, C. W.	Taylor, R.
James, B.	Treadgold, E. J.
Kerny, J.	Trumett, Mr.
Koyl, Dr. F.	Vinehon, H. J.
McPherson, D. B.	Wawa, Opt.
Mooney, R. J.	
Mall-r, Mr.	Wilson, J.
Namanga, P. W. L.	Wood, Mrs. O. H.

ENTERTAINMENT.

STATE OF NORTH BORNEO.

TENDERS FOR REVENUE FARMS.

TENDERS are invited for the lease of the REVENUE FARMS in the STATE OF NORTH BORNEO from 1st January, 1912, as set out or under:

Tenders will be received at the Office of the Government Secretary, Sandakan, up to 12 o'clock Noon on the 1st day of September, 1911, for the purchase of the exclusive privileges of the Farm enumerated below for a period of 1, 2 or 3 years commencing on the 1st January, 1912.

The tenderer must state in his tender the annual sum offered for the Farm rent for the three years 1912, 1913 and 1914; a different sum may be offered for the first, second and third years respectively. The prices offered for the separate years should be framed on a sliding scale according to the number of acres. The tenderer must also clearly state the proportion of the amount of the Rent to be allotted to each separate Farm.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of making any arrangements it may deem advisable as regards the letting of the Farms.

The Farms above referred to are the Orim, Sinit, Gamling and Pawan-ukwa Farms for the whole or part of the State. Copies of the Forms of Contract for the Farms and full particulars of the conditions to be observed by tenderers may be seen on application at the Office of the Government Secretary, Sandakan, or of Messrs. Guthrie & Co., Singapore and Penang, or of Messrs. Ginn, Livingston & Co., at Hongkong.

The retail rates for Opium fixed by Government for the Opium Farm for 1912, 1913 and 1914, are those specified below, viz.:

For every 4 shan packet \$0.14

..... 0.19

..... 0.24

..... 0.28

..... 0.32

..... 0.36

..... 0.40

..... 0.44

..... 0.48

..... 0.52

..... 0.56

..... 0.60

..... 0.64

..... 0.68

..... 0.72

..... 0.76

..... 0.80

..... 0.84

..... 0.88

..... 0.92

..... 0.96

..... 1.00

Hongkong, 19th June, 1911. [219]

Printed and Published by Richard Irving Hope, for the Proprietor, Dr. J. W. Noble, at 47, Des Voeux Road Central, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

SHARE REPORT.

R-SELLERS SA-SALE B-BUYERS

STOCKS & PAID UP VALUE.	CLOSING PRICES.	LAST DIVIDEND AND DATE.	RETURN BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.
RANKS.			
Hongkong & S'hai	\$125	Final of 22 1/2/- at 1/10	
National Banks	45	\$24 3/4 for half year ended 31.12.10, bearing 4 1/2% for the year in liquidation	8%
MARINE INSURANCES.			
Canton	\$50	15/- for 1909	7 1/2%
North China	45	Interim of 10/- for 1910	8%
Unions	\$100	Final of \$20 making \$50 for 1909 and Interim of \$30 for 1910	0%
Yangtzes	250	\$12 for 1909 and Int. of \$3 on account of 1910	7 1/2%
FIRE INSURANCES.			
China Fires	\$20	\$7 & 1/2 of \$2 for 1909	7 1/2%
Hongkong Fire	\$50	\$27 for 1909	8%
SHIPPING.			
China & Manilla	\$25	\$1 for 1906	
Douglas Steamships	\$50	5 p.c. for year end'g 30.6.08	
Steamboats	\$15	Dividend of \$1 1/2 for half year ending 30.6.11	3 1/2%
Indo-China (Preferred)	45	3% final making 6% for 1908 6% div. for 1909 on preferred shares	
(Deferred)			
"Shell" Transports	41	1/- per share Coupon No. 15 2/6 per share Coupon No. 16 for 1910.	7%
"Star Ferry"	\$10	Div. 7 p.c. for year end'g 30.4.11	6%
REFINERIES.	\$5	Bon. 5 p.c. for year end'g 30.4.11	6%
China Sugars	\$100	\$10 for 1910	10%
Luxon Sugars	\$100	\$3 for 1897	
MINING.			
Chinese Engineering	41	Interim of 1/- on account for year ending 28.3.11. (Coupon No. 16)	9%
Headwaters	P. 10	1s. 2d. per share on 150,000 first year	5%
Roads	41	\$3 for year ending 31.12.10	5%
DOCKS, WHARVES, & COWINGS.			
Kowloon Wharfs	\$50	\$14 for year end'g 31.12.10	5%
H. K. & W'pon Docks	\$50	\$13 for year end'g 31.12.10	5%
Singhai Docks	T. 100	Ts. 2 1/2 for 1910	5%
Hongkong Wharfs	T. 100	Final of Tls. 4 for 1910	3 1/2%
LANES, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.			
Anglo French Lands	T. 100	Tls. C 29.2.10	3 1/2%
Hongkong Hotels	\$50	\$3 on old shares, \$1.50 on new shares for half year 31.12.10	5%
Hongkong Lands	\$100	Interim div. of \$3 1/2 for 1911	7 1/2%
Elmhurst Estates	\$10	45 cents for 1910	7 1/2%
Kowloon Lands	\$30	\$2 1/2 for 1910	8%
Shanghai Lands	T. 30	5% for half year to 30.6.11	6%
West Point	\$50	Interim div. of \$2 for 1911	8 1/2%
Manila M'pole Hotel	P. 0	15 per cent. for 1910	15%
COTTON MILLS.			
Ewas	T. 30	T4 for year end'g 31.10.10	4 1/2%
Hongkong Cottons	\$10	T7 for year end'g 20.12.10	4 1/2%
MISCELLANEOUS.			
China-Borneo	\$12	50 cents 31.7.08	
Light and Powers	\$10	\$1 for 1910	11%
Do. (Spec. shares)	\$1		
China Providents	\$10	40 cents for 1910	11%
Dairy Farms	\$6	\$1.20 for year end'g 31.7.10	6%
Green Islands	\$10	Interim of 15 cents per share for 1910	4%
Hongkong Electric	\$10	\$1.20 per share and 1/2 of 10 cents	6%
Hongkong Ice	\$25	\$10 per share for 1910	6 1/2%
Hongkong Ropes	\$10	\$1 interim account 1911	6 1/2%
Langkats	\$10	Special bonus T.2 15.1.11	10 1/2%
Morning Post	\$25	Interim div. T.14 15.3.11	10 1/2%
Peak Tramway	\$10	Interim div. T.14 15.6.11	10 1/2%
Do. (now)	\$1	None	
Philippine	\$10	80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.11	7%
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	\$10	None	
Societe de Preference	\$50	\$1.50 for 1910	12%
Pulperies	\$15		
Papeteries		First year	
do Tonkin	Benefit \$500.		
Shanghai-Sumatra	T. 30	No dividend this year	2%
Steam Laundry	\$5	50 cents for year end'g 30.6.10	4%
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Ltd.	\$10	15 per cent. per ordinary share for year ended 31.5.1910	6%
United Asbestos Foundry Shares	\$10	Do.	
Union Waterboat	\$10	5 per cent. for year end'g 31.12.1910	7 1/2%
Wetmann, Ltd.	\$10	10 per cent. for year end'g 31.7.10	6 1/2%
Watson	\$10	80 cents for 1910	5%
William Powell	\$4.30		